

SAFETY DATA SHEET

Primer 50 (Aerosol)

SECTION 1: IDENTIFICATION

1.1. Product identifier

Trade name: Primer 50 (Aerosol)
Product no.: MS-050

1.2. Relevant identified uses of the substance or mixture and uses advised against

Relevant identified uses of the substance or mixture: Industrial purposes
Restricted to professional users.
Uses advised against : None known.

1.3. Details of the supplier of the safety data sheet

Company and address: **Hernon Manufacturing Inc**
121 Tech Drive
FL 32771 Sanford
USA
T: +1-407-322-4000
www.hernon.com

Contact person: Hernon SDS Coordinator
E-mail: customerservice@hernon.com
SDS date: 10/7/2024
SDS Version: 1.0

1.4. Emergency telephone number

Contact the poison control at 1-800-222-1222 (24/7) or use the webpoisoncontrol (triage.webpoisoncontrol.org) to get specific guidance for your case.

VelocityEHS:
+1-800-255-3924 (USA)
+1-813-248-0585 (International)
1-300-954-583 (Australia)
0-800-591-6042 (Brazil)
400-120-0751 (China)
000-800-100-4086 (India)
800-099-0731 (Mexico)
Contract #: (MIS0002665)

SECTION 2: HAZARD(S) IDENTIFICATION

OSHA/HCS status

This material is considered hazardous by the OSHA Hazard Communication Standard (29 CFR 1910.1200)

2.1. Classification of the substance or mixture

Aerosol 1; H222, H229, Extremely flammable aerosol. Pressurised container: May burst if heated.
Flam. Liq. 2; H225, Highly flammable liquid and vapour.
Eye Irrit. 2; H319, Causes serious eye irritation.
Acute Tox. 3; H331, Toxic if inhaled.
STOT SE 3; H336, May cause drowsiness or dizziness.
Repr. 2; H361, Suspected of damaging fertility or the unborn child.

2.2. Label elements

Hazard pictogram(s):



Signal word:

Danger

Hazard statement(s):

Extremely flammable aerosol. Pressurised container: May burst if heated. (H222, H229)
Highly flammable liquid and vapour. (H225)
Causes serious eye irritation. (H319)
Toxic if inhaled. (H331)
May cause drowsiness or dizziness. (H336)
Suspected of damaging fertility or the unborn child. (H361)

Precautionary statement(s):

General:

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Prevention:

Obtain special instructions before use. (P201)
Keep away from heat, hot surfaces, sparks, open flames and other ignition sources. No smoking. (P210)
Do not spray on an open flame or other ignition source. (P211)
Keep container tightly closed. (P233)
Do not pierce or burn, even after use. (P251)
Avoid breathing mist/vapour. (P261)
Wear eye protection/protective clothing. (P280)

Response:

IF INHALED: Remove person to fresh air and keep comfortable for breathing. (P304+P340)
IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing. (P305+P351+P338)
IF exposed or concerned: Get medical advice/attention. (P308+P313)
Call a doctor/POISON CENTER. (P311)
Specific treatment (see instructions on this label). (P321)
If eye irritation persists: Get medical advice/attention. (P337+P313)
In case of fire: Use water mist/carbon dioxide/alcohol-resistant foam to extinguish. (P370+P378)

Storage:

Store in a well-ventilated place. Keep container tightly closed. (P403+P233)
Store in a well-ventilated place. Keep cool. (P403+P235)
Protect from sunlight. Do not expose to temperatures exceeding 50 °C/122°F. (P410+P412)

Disposal:

Dispose of contents/container in accordance with local regulation

(P501)

Additional labelling:

Not applicable.

2.3. Other hazards

Additional warnings:

In the event of leaks, high concentrations of gases can quickly form. They can be toxic, asphyxiating, or explosive.

SECTION 3: COMPOSITION/INFORMATION ON INGREDIENTS

3.1. Substances

Not applicable. This product is a mixture.

3.2. Mixtures

Product/substance	Identifiers	% w/w	Classification	Note
acetone	CAS No.: 67-64-1	95-100%	Flam. Liq. 2, H225 Eye Irrit. 2, H319 STOT SE 3, H336 1, HHNOC066	
Tributylamine	CAS No.: 102-82-9	<1%	Flam. Liq. 4, H227 Acute Tox. 4, H302 Acute Tox. 2, H310 Skin Irrit. 2, H315 Acute Tox. 1, H330	
2-ethylhexanoic acid	CAS No.: 149-57-5	<0.25%	Repr. 2, H361	

Where the concentration of an ingredient is expressed as a range the exact concentration has been withheld as a trade secret.

See full text of H-phrases in section 16. Occupational exposure limits are listed in section 8, if these are available.

Other information

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SECTION 4: FIRST-AID MEASURES

4.1. Description of first aid measures

General information:

If breathing is irregular, drowsiness, loss of consciousness or cramps: Call 911 and give immediate treatment (first aid).

Contact a doctor if in doubt about the injured person's condition or if the symptoms persist. Never give an unconscious person water or other drink.

Inhalation:

Upon breathing difficulties or irritation of the respiratory tract: Bring the injured person into fresh air. Make sure the

	<p>injured person is continuously monitored. Prevent shock by keeping the injured person warm and calm. If breathing ceases, give mouth-to-mouth resuscitation. If unconscious, roll the injured person into recovery position. Call an ambulance.</p>
<i>Skin contact:</i>	<p>Remove contaminated clothing and shoes immediately. Ensure to wash exposed skin thoroughly with water and soap. Skin cleanser can be used. DO NOT use solvents or thinners.</p> <p>If skin irritation occurs: Get medical advice/attention.</p>
<i>Eye contact:</i>	<p>If in eyes: Flush eyes immediately with plenty of water or isotonic water (20-30 °C) for at least 5 minutes and continue until irritation stops. Remove contact lenses. Make sure to flush under upper and lower eyelids. If irritation continues, contact a doctor. Continue flushing during transport.</p>
<i>Ingestion:</i>	<p>If the person is conscious, rinse the mouth with water and stay with the person. Never give the person anything to drink.</p> <p>In case of malaise, seek medical advice immediately and bring the safety data sheet or label from the product. Do not induce vomiting, unless recommended by the doctor. Have the person lean forward with head down to avoid inhalation of or choking on vomited material.</p>
<i>Burns:</i>	<p>Rinse with water until pain stops then continue to rinse for 30 minutes.</p>

4.2. Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and delayed

Irritation effects: This product contains substances, which may cause irritation upon exposure to skin, eyes or lungs. Exposure may result in an increased absorption potential of other hazardous substances at the area of exposure.

Neurotoxic effects: This product contains organic solvents, which may cause adverse effects to the nervous system. Symptoms of neurotoxicity include: loss of appetite, headache, dizziness, ringing in ears, tingling sensations of skin, sensitivity to the cold, cramps, difficulty in concentrating, tiredness, etc. Repeated exposure to solvents can result in the breaking down of the skin's natural fat layer and may result in an increased absorption potential of other hazardous substances at the area of exposure.

4.3. Indication of any immediate medical attention and special treatment needed

IF exposed or concerned:

Get immediate medical advice/attention.

Information to medics

Bring this safety data sheet or the label from this product.

SECTION 5: FIRE-FIGHTING MEASURES

5.1. Extinguishing media

Suitable extinguishing media: Alcohol-resistant foam, carbon dioxide, powder, water mist.

Unsuitable extinguishing media: Waterjets should not be used, since they can spread the fire.

5.2. Special hazards arising from the substance or mixture

Highly flammable liquid and vapour.

Extremely flammable aerosol. Pressurised container. In a fire or if heated, a pressure increase will occur and the container may burst.

In use may form flammable/explosive vapour-air mixture.

Fire will result in dense smoke. Exposure to combustion products may harm your health. Closed containers, which are exposed to fire, should be cooled with water. Do not allow fire-extinguishing water to enter the sewage system and nearby surface waters.

If the product is exposed to high temperatures, e.g. in the event of fire, dangerous decomposition compounds are produced. These are:

Carbon oxides (CO / CO₂)

5.3. Advice for firefighters

Wear self-contained breathing apparatus and protective clothing to prevent contact. Upon direct exposure contact the Poison Help Line on 1-800-222-1222 (24/7) in order to obtain further advice.

SECTION 6: ACCIDENTAL RELEASE MEASURES

6.1. Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

Accidental releases always pose a serious risk of fire or explosion.

Storages not yet ignited must be cooled by water mist. Remove flammable materials if conditions allow it. Ensure sufficient ventilation.

Avoid direct contact with spilled substances.

Ensure adequate ventilation, especially in confined areas.

Avoid inhalation of vapours from spilled material.

Contaminated areas may be slippery.

6.2. Environmental precautions

Avoid discharge to lakes, streams, sewers, etc.

Keep unauthorized persons away from the spill

6.3. Methods and material for containment and cleaning up

Contain and collect spillage with non-combustible, absorbent material e.g. sand, earth, vermiculite or diatomaceous earth and place in container for disposal according to local regulations.

Wherever possible cleaning should be performed with normal cleaning agents. Avoid use of solvents.

6.4. Reference to other sections

See section 13 "Disposal considerations" on handling of waste.

See section 8 "Exposure controls/personal protection" for protective measures.

SECTION 7: HANDLING AND STORAGE

7.1. Precautions for safe handling

Ground and bond container and receiving equipment.

Use explosion-proof [electrical/lighting/ventilating] equipment.

Use non-sparking tools.

Take action to prevent static discharges.

Do not spray on an open flame or other ignition source.

Do not pierce or burn, even after use.

Avoid direct contact with the product.

Avoid contact during pregnancy and while nursing.

Smoking, drinking and consumption of food is not allowed in the work area.

See section 8 "Exposure controls/personal protection" for information on personal protection.

7.2. Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities

Store locked up. A sign warning of toxic materials shall be affixed the room and cupboard containing the product(s).

Containers that have been opened must be carefully resealed and kept upright to prevent leakage.

Take action to prevent static discharges.

Must be stored in a cool and well-ventilated area, away from possible sources of ignition.

Pressurized gas packs (spray cans, aerosol cans) must be stored behind a wire mesh, which allows gases to escape and holds back packs flying around.

Recommended storage material: Always store in containers of the same material as the original container.

Storage conditions: Keep at temperatures between 7 and 29 °C.
Dry, cool and well ventilated
Store away from heat, sparks, flames, or other sources of ignition.

Incompatible materials: Strong oxidizing agents
Peroxides
Acids
Bases
Amines
Alkali
Flammable liquids

7.3. Specific end use(s)

This product should only be used for applications quoted in section 1.2.

SECTION 8: EXPOSURE CONTROLS/PERSONAL PROTECTION

8.1. Control parameters

acetone

Short term exposure limit (STEL) (ACGIH TLV) (ppm): 500

Long term exposure limit (OSHA Table Z-1) (mg/m³): 2400

Long term exposure limit (OSHA Table Z-1) (ppm): 1000

Long term exposure limit (ACGIH TLV) (ppm): 250

Part 1910 - Occupational Safety and Health Standards (29 CFR 1910.1000 TABLE Z-1 - Limits for Air Contaminants)

8.2. Exposure controls

Compliance with the given occupational exposure limits values should be controlled on a regular basis.

General recommendations: Smoking, drinking and consumption of food is not allowed in the work area.

Exposure scenarios: There are no exposure scenarios implemented for this product.

Exposure limits: Professional users are subjected to the legally set maximum concentrations for occupational exposure. See occupational hygiene limit values above.

<i>Appropriate technical measures:</i>	The formation of vapours must be kept at a minimum and below current limit values (see above). Installation of a local exhaust system if normal air flow in the work room is not sufficient is recommended. Ensure eyewash and emergency showers are clearly marked. Apply standard precautions during use of the product. Avoid inhalation of vapours.
<i>Hygiene measures:</i>	In between use of the product and at the end of the working day all exposed areas of the body must be washed thoroughly. Pay special attention to hands, forearms and face.
<i>Measures to avoid environmental exposure:</i>	Keep damming materials near the workplace. If possible, collect spillage during work.


Individual protection measures, such as personal protective equipment

Generally: Use only protective equipment with a recognized certification mark, e.g. the UL mark.

Respiratory Equipment:

If exposure limits are exceeded or irritation is experienced, NIOSH/MSHA approved respiratory protection should be worn. Positive-pressure supplied air respirators may be required for high airborne contaminant concentrations. Respiratory protection must be provided in accordance with current local regulations.


Skin protection:

Recommended	Type/Category	Standards	
-	Protective Clothing		

Hand protection:

Nitrile Rubber

Eye protection:

Type	Standards	
Safety glasses with side shields.	EN166	

SECTION 9: PHYSICAL AND CHEMICAL PROPERTIES

9.1. Information on basic physical and chemical properties

<i>Physical state:</i>	Liquid
<i>Color:</i>	Green
<i>Odor:</i>	Sharp/pungent
<i>Odor threshold (ppm):</i>	No data available
<i>pH:</i>	No data available
<i>Density (g/cm³):</i>	0.79
<i>Kinematic viscosity:</i>	No data available

Particle characteristics: No data available

Phase changes

Melting point/freezing point (°F): ≥-139
Melting point/freezing point (°C): ≥-95
Softening point/range (°F): Does not apply to liquids.
Boiling point (°F): ≥132.8
Boiling point (°C): ≥56
Vapor pressure: 0.244 atm (20 °C)
Relative vapor density: ≥2.0
Decomposition temperature (°F): No data available

Data on fire and explosion hazards

Flash point (°F): ≥-4
Flash point (°C): ≥-20
Flammability (°F): The material is ignitable.
Auto-ignition temperature (°F): ≥869
Auto-ignition temperature (°C): ≥465
Explosion limits (% v/v): No data available

Solubility

Solubility in water: No data available
n-octanol/water coefficient (LogKow): No data available
Solubility in fat (g/L): No data available

9.2. Other information

Evaporation rate (n-butylacetate = 100): ≥5.6
VOC (g/L): 11.69 g/L (calculated)
Other physical and chemical parameters: No data available.
Oxidizing properties: No data available

SECTION 10: STABILITY AND REACTIVITY

10.1. Reactivity

No data available.

10.2. Chemical stability

The product is stable under the conditions, noted in section 7 "Handling and storage".

10.3. Possibility of hazardous reactions, including those associated with foreseeable emergencies

None known.

10.4. Conditions to avoid

Do not expose to any forms of heat (e.g. solar radiation). May lead to excess pressure.
Mechanical influences (e.g. Shock, pressure, impact, friction). Fire, sparks or other ignition

sources.
Sunlight
Extremes of temperature
Flames, sparks and other sources of ignition
Incompatible Materials

10.5. Incompatible materials

Strong oxidizing agents
Peroxides
Acids
Bases
Amines
Flammable liquids
Combustible materials

10.6. Hazardous decomposition products

Under normal conditions of storage and use, hazardous decomposition products should not be produced

SECTION 11: TOXICOLOGICAL INFORMATION

11.1. Information on toxicological effects

Acute toxicity

Toxic if inhaled.

Skin corrosion/irritation

Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

Serious eye damage/irritation

Causes serious eye irritation.

Respiratory sensitisation

Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

Skin sensitisation

Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

Germ cell mutagenicity

Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

Carcinogenicity

Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

Reproductive toxicity

Suspected of damaging fertility or the unborn child.

STOT-single exposure

May cause drowsiness or dizziness.

STOT-repeated exposure

Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

Aspiration hazard

Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

Long term effects

Irritation effects: This product contains substances, which may cause irritation upon exposure to skin, eyes or lungs. Exposure may result in an increased absorption potential of other hazardous substances at the area of exposure.

Neurotoxic effects: This product contains organic solvents, which may cause adverse effects to the nervous system. Symptoms of neurotoxicity include: loss of appetite, headache, dizziness, ringing in ears, tingling sensations of skin, sensitivity to the cold, cramps, difficulty in concentrating, tiredness, etc. Repeated exposure to solvents can result in the breaking down of the skin's natural fat layer and may result in an increased absorption potential of other hazardous substances at the area of exposure.

Other information
None known.

SECTION 12: ECOLOGICAL INFORMATION

- 12.1. Toxicity**
No data available.
- 12.2. Persistence and degradability**
Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.
- 12.3. Bioaccumulative potential**
Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.
- 12.4. Mobility in soil**
No data available.
- 12.5. Results of PBT and vPvB assessment**
This mixture/product does not contain any substances known to fulfil the criteria for PBT and vPvB classification.
- 12.6. Other adverse effects**
None known.

SECTION 13: DISPOSAL CONSIDERATIONS


RCRA Hazardous waste ("P" and "U" list) (40 CFR 261)
acetone is listed with EPA Hazardous Waste Number: U002



Specific labelling

Contaminated packing

Packaging containing residues of the product must be disposed of similarly to the product.

SECTION 14: TRANSPORT INFORMATION

	14.1 UN / ID	14.2 UN proper shipping name	14.3 Hazard class(es)	14.4 PG*	14.5 Env**	Other informat ion:
DOT	UN1090	ACETONE	Transport hazard class: 3 Label: 3 Classification code: F1 	II	No	Limited quantities: 1 L Tunnel restriction code:

	14.1 UN / ID	14.2 UN proper shipping name	14.3 Hazard class(es)	14.4 PG*	14.5 Env**	Other informat ion:
						(D/E) See below for additiona l informati on.
IMDG	UN1090	ACETONE	Transport hazard class: 3 Label: 3 Classification code: F1 	II	No	Limited quantitie s: 1 L EmS: F-E S-D See below for additiona l informati on.
IATA	UN1090	ACETONE	Transport hazard class: 3 Label: 3 Classification code: F1 	II	No	See below for additiona l informati on.

* Packing group

** Environmental hazards

Additional information

This product is within scope of the regulations of transport of dangerous goods.
DOT / See § 172.101 Hazardous Materials Table for any information on special provisions, requirements, or warnings in connection with transport. See § 172.602, for instructions in writing regarding mitigation of damages in relation to incidents or accidents during transport.
IMDG / See section 3.2.1, for any information on special provisions, requirements, or warnings in connection with transport.
IATA / See Table 4.2 for any information on special provisions, requirements, or warnings in connection with transport.

14.6. Special precautions for user
Not applicable.

14.7. Transport in bulk according to IMO instruments
No data available.

SECTION 15: REGULATORY INFORMATION

15.1. Safety, health and environmental regulations/legislation specific for the substance or mixture

15.2. U.S. Federal regulations

<i>TSCA (the non-confidential portion):</i>	acetone is listed Tributylamine is listed 2-ethylhexanoic acid is listed
<i>Clean Air Act:</i>	None of the components are listed
<i>EPCRA Section 302:</i>	None of the components are listed
<i>EPCRA Section 304:</i>	None of the components are listed
<i>EPCRA section 313:</i>	None of the components are listed
<i>CERCLA:</i>	acetone is regulated with a Reportable Quantity (RQ) of: 5000 pounds
<i>Hazardous chemical inventory reporting:</i>	This product is subject to Tier II reporting.

State regulations

<i>California / Prop. 65:</i>	None of the components are listed
<i>Massachusetts / Right To Know Act:</i>	acetone is listed Tributylamine is listed
<i>New Jersey / Right To Know Act:</i>	acetone / Substance number: 0006 acetone is on the Special Health Hazard Substance List — Tributylamine / Substance number: 1879 Tributylamine is on the Special Health Hazard Substance List — 2-ethylhexanoic acid / Substance number: 4068 —
<i>New York / Right To Know Act:</i>	acetone is listed acetone is regulated with a Reportable Quantity (RQ) of: 5000 pounds acetone is regulated with a Treshold Reporting Quantity (TRQ) of: 10 pounds — Tributylamine is listed Tributylamine is regulated with a Treshold Reporting Quantity (TRQ) of: 100 pounds —
<i>Pennsylvania / Right To Know Act:</i>	acetone is listed acetone is hazardous to the environment (E) — Tributylamine is listed —

15.4. Restrictions for application

Restricted to professional users.
Pregnant women and women breastfeeding must not be exposed to this product. The risk, and possible technical precautions or design of the workplace needed to eliminate exposure, must be considered.

15.5. Demands for specific education

No specific requirements.

15.6. Additional information

Not applicable.

15.7. Chemical safety assessment

No

15.8. Sources

OSHA Hazard Communication Standard (29 CFR 1910.1200)

SECTION 16: OTHER INFORMATION

Full text of H-phrases as mentioned in section 3

H225, Highly flammable liquid and vapour.

H227, Combustible liquid

H302, Harmful if swallowed.

H310, Fatal in contact with skin.

H315, Causes skin irritation.

H319, Causes serious eye irritation.

H330, Fatal if inhaled.

H336, May cause drowsiness or dizziness.

H361, Suspected of damaging fertility or the unborn child.

HHNOC066, Repeated exposure may cause skin dryness or cracking.

The full text of identified uses as mentioned in section 1

None known.

Abbreviations and acronyms

ACGIH = American Conference of Governmental Industrial Hygienists

ADN = European Provisions concerning the International Carriage of Dangerous Goods by Inland Waterway

ADR = The European Agreement concerning the International Carriage of Dangerous Goods by Road

ATE = Acute Toxicity Estimate

BCF = Bioconcentration Factor

CAS = Chemical Abstracts Service

CERCLA = Comprehensive Environmental Response Compensation and Liability Act

DOT = Department of Transportation

EINECS = European Inventory of Existing Commercial chemical Substances

EPCRA = Emergency Planning and Community Right-To-Know Act

GHS = Globally Harmonized System of Classification and Labelling of Chemicals

HCIS = Hazardous Chemical Information System

HNOC = Hazards Not Otherwise Classified

IARC = International Agency for Research on Cancer

IATA = International Air Transport Association

IMDG = International Maritime Dangerous Goods

LogPow = logarithm of the octanol/water partition coefficient

MARPOL = International Convention for the Prevention of Pollution From Ships, 1973 as modified by the Protocol of 1978. ("Marpol" = marine pollution)

NFPA = National Fire Protection Association

NIOSH = National Institute for Occupational Safety and Health

OECD = Organisation for Economic Co-operation and Development

OSHA = Occupational Safety and Health Administration
PBT = Persistent, Bioaccumulative and Toxic
RCRA = Resource Conservation and Recovery Act
RID = The Regulations concerning the International Carriage of Dangerous Goods by Rail
RRN = REACH Registration Number
SARA = Superfund Amendments and Reauthorization Act
SCL = A specific concentration limit.
STEL = Short-term exposure limits
STOT-RE = Specific Target Organ Toxicity - Repeated Exposure
STOT-SE = Specific Target Organ Toxicity - Single Exposure
TSCA = The Toxic Substances Control Act
TWA = Time weighted average
UN = United Nations
UVBC = Unknown or variable composition, complex reaction products or of biological materials
VOC = Volatile Organic Compound
vPvB = Very Persistent and Very Bioaccumulative

Additional information

The classification of the mixture in regard of health hazards is in accordance with the calculation methods given by HCS (29 CFR 1910.1200).

The classification of the mixture in regard to physical hazards has been based on experimental data.

The safety data sheet is validated by

SDS Coordinator

Other

A change (in proportion to the last essential change (first cipher in SDS version, see section 1)) is marked with a triangle.

The information in this safety data sheet applies only to this specific product (mentioned in section 1) and is not necessarily correct for use with other chemicals/products.

It is recommended to hand over this safety data sheet to the actual user of the product.

Information in this safety data sheet cannot be used as a product specification.

Country-language: US-en